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THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1769.

Province of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY, July 6, 1769.

Tueſday laſt, the 4th of July, the committee of both houſes of aſſembly, waited upon his excellency the governor at Cambridge, with the following anſwer to his ſpeech of the firſt of June laſt, at the opening of the preſent ſeſſion.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

AS your excellency in your ſpeech to both houſes, at the opening of the preſent ſeſſion, has recommended to us "to give our earlieſt attention to the buſineſs of the province," we ſhould have been glad if your excellency had pointed out what was expected from us.

We agree with you, Sir, "that the buſineſs of the province is got into ſuch an arrear, that it will require the utmoſt diligence to get it done within the uſual time generally alloted to this ſeſſion:" Who brought the province under this difficulty, your excellency can be at no loſs to determine: Had the aſſembly been called in the fall of the year paſt, there would have been no cauſe of ſuch complaint.

Your excellency has been pleaſed to tell us "that you ſhall be ready to concur with us in all meaſures propoſed for the good of the people, that are conſiſtent with the invariable rule you have laid down, of not departing from the duty you owe to the King." It is ſurprizing, Sir, that ſo ſoon after ſuch a declaration your excellency ſhould ſuſpend your aſſent to a reſolve for an eſtabliſhment for forts and garriſons, even for a ſingle moment, eſpecially as ſuch an eſtabliſhment was always a favourite object with your excellency----Does the "duty you owe to the King, or the regard you have for the good of the people," forbid your ſigning it? If ſo, how could your excellency recommend this buſineſs to the houſe in your meſſage of the twenty-firſt inſtant, as what was neceſſary to be immediately done? We are ſenſible, may it pleaſe your excellency, "that the ſervice of the crown and the intereſt of the people are objects very compatible with each other, and that they muſt be ſo under a monarch who makes the general welfare of all his ſubjects the ſole end of his government." This ſentiment is what the two houſes have adopted, and have always made their object; and had your excellency, in humble imitation of your royal maſter, during your adminiſtration acted from ſuch noble principles, many of the diſputes between your excellency and former aſſemblies would have had no exiſtence.----We ſhall with all convenient diſpatch finiſh the buſineſs of the preſent ſeſſion; and we have a juſt right to expect that your excellency will give your aſſent to all ſuch reſolves and acts that may be laid before you as will be for the intereſt of the people, and the real ſervice of the crown.

At a meeting of the freeholders and other inhabitants of the town of Boſton, legally warned and aſſembled in Faneuil Hall, on Tueſday the fourth of July, A. D. 1769.

RICHARD DANA, Eſq; Moderator.

THE petition of a great number of reſpectable inhabitants, was read, ſetting forth, "That ſome perſons have, as they are informed from good authority, petitioned or requeſted of his excellency Sir Francis Bernard, Bart. commander in chief of this province, that the 14th, or ſome other regiment, may be detained in this town, in order to protect their lives and properties, notwithſtanding the laws of the land make ample proviſion for the ſecurity of all his Majeſty's ſubjects, without the aid of any military force whatever; and fearing ſuch requeſt may be repreſented to adminiſtration as the ſenſe of the inhabitants, they pray that ſuch ſteps may be taken, as the town ſhall think proper, to prevent the ill effects of ſuch repreſentations, and to convince the world that the reſidence of a military power in the body of this metropolis is, upon various conſiderations, quite diſagreeable to the inhabitants."---This petition being conſidered, the following votes paſſed, *nemine contradicente*, in a very full Town-Meeting, viz.

WHEREAS *this town have in divers ways, more particularly in a late humble petition to our moſt gracious ſovereign, expreſſed their grief and aſtoniſhment to find accounts had been tranſmitted from hence to adminiſtration, repreſenting this town to be in a ſtate of diſorder and confuſion, and in oppoſition to the due reſtraints of law and conſtitutional authority, thereby inducing the neceſſity of a military power to aid the civil magiſtrate, and preſerve the peace; and whereas in ſaid petition the town declare theſe accounts to be ill-grounded, which have repreſented them as held to their allegiance and duty only by the hand of terror, and the force of arms; and at the ſame time humbly ſupplicate his Majeſty to remove the military power now among us, which they were unanimous in their opinion was a power unneceſſary---a power unfavourable to commerce, deſtructive to morals, dangerous to law, and tending to overthrow the civil conſtitution: Therefore,*

VOTED, *That ſuch perſons among us, if any ſuch there be, as have petitioned governor Bernard, or in any other way ſignified their deſire that ſome of the troops may be detained for the preſervation of their perſons and properties, have therein counteracted the declared ſenſe of the town, diſcovered themſelves ignorant of its true intereſt, and highly inimical to its peace and proſperity.*

VOTED, *That if on any occaſion it ſhould become neceſſary, the town are, and always have been ready to obey and aſſiſt the civil magiſtrate, in the due execution of the good and wholeſome laws of the land, which they are of opinion will be ſufficient for the preſervation of peace and good order, without any military or foreign aid whatever.* Atteſt.

WILLIAM COOPER, Town-Clerk.

Yeſterday was a viſitation of the ſchools in this town by the ſelect men and other gentlemen, who were appointed as a committee: An invitation being given to general Mackay and commodore Hood, the general having been previouſly engaged out of town, could not attend; the commodore favoured the committee with his company, as did alſo a number of other gentlemen of diſtinction, who had been invited.------All of whom were well ſatisfied with the good order of the ſchools, under the reſpective maſters, and of the proficiency of their pupils.

Province of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY, July 13, 1769.

The following meſſage mentioned in our laſt to be voted by the Houſe, was Yeſterday delivered to his Excellency the Governor at Cambridge.

In the Houſe of Repreſentatives, July 4, 1769.

ORDERED, that Mr. *Hancock*, Mr. *Spooner*, Mr. *Otis*, Major *Hawley*, and Mr. *Greenleaf*, be a committee to wait upon his Excellency Sir FRANCIS BERNARD, Baronet, with the following anſwer to his meſſage of 28th June laſt.

THOMAS CUSHING, Speaker.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

BY your meſſage to this houſe of the 22th June laſt, we are informed, that his Majeſty has been pleaſed by his Sign Manuel, to ſignify to you his will and pleaſure that you repair to Great-Britain, to lay before him the ſtate of this province. We are bound in duty at all times, and we do more eſpecially at this time chearfully acquieſce in the lawful command of our ſovereign: It is a particular ſatisfaction to us that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to order a true ſtate of this province to be laid before him; for we have abundant reaſon to be aſſured that when his Majeſty ſhall be made fully acquainted with the great and alarming grievances which his truly loyal ſubjects here have ſuffered thro' your adminiſtration, and the injuries they have ſuſtained in their reputation, as well as every important intereſt, he will in his great clemency and juſtice frown upon and forever remove from his truſt all thoſe who by wickedly miſinforming his miniſters, have attempted to deceive even Majeſty itſelf. Your Excellency is beſt acquainted with the part you have acted; your own letters have enabled this houſe and the public in ſome meaſure to form a judgment. And while you will neceſſarily be employed as this houſe conceives, in ſetting your own conduct in the moſt favourable light before his Majeſty, we are perſuaded we ſhall be able to anſwer for ourſelves and our conſtituents, to the ſatisfaction of our ſovereign whenever we ſhall be called to it.

You are pleaſed to communicate to the houſe an inſtruction for the appropriation of the ſalary granted to his Majeſty's Governor during ſuch time as he may be abſent from the colony: But as we are not "made to underſtand" that your Excellency will be continued in your office as Governor of the province after your expected departure from it, the houſe cannot in faithfulneſs to their conſtituents make an unprecedented grant of this money for ſervices which we have no reaſon to expect will ever be performed.

Your Excellency muſt be fully ſenſible that the people of this province have never failed in duty to his Majeſty, to make ample proviſion for the ſupport of his government. You will be pleaſed to remember that you are fully paid to the ſecond of *Auguſt* next, before the expiration of which time you will embark for *Great-Britain*. We ſhall then make the neceſſary proviſion "for the ſupport of the dignity of the government," and when his Majeſty ſhall be graciouſly pleaſed to appoint another Governor, we truſt this people will be ready, as they ever have been, to grant him an ample ſalary, proportioned to their own abilities, and ſuitable to his ſtation and merit. Theſe are the only conſiderations which ought to have any weight with this houſe in granting the people's money for the ſupport of a Governor.---His Majeſty's 49th inſtruction now before the houſe, and to which you refer us, is a rule for your Excellency, but we conceive, was never intended for the houſe of repreſentatives---We have however the pleaſure of obſerving, that your Excellency is not at all reſtrained by it, from ſigning any bills, or other matters, that may be laid before you, at any time preceding the grant of a ſalary for the ſupport of government, and therefore we have a juſt right to expect that you will not upon that account retard ſuch public buſineſs now before you, as his Majeſty's ſervice and the welfare of the people indiſpenſibly requires.

Thurſday laſt his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following Meſſage to the Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I HEREBY communicate to you an extract of a letter I have received ſome time ago from General GAGE, deſiring that I would lay before you the accounts of the expenditures incurred by quartering his Majeſty's troops at *Boſton*, that funds may be provided for diſcharging the ſame. I accordingly lay before you the ſaid accounts, as communicated to me by Col. *Robertſon*, together with a copy of a letter from him upon the ſubject. The vouchers referred to in the ſaid letter are in the hands of Col. *Joſeph Goldthwait*, who will produce the ſame to your order. I deſire that you will take theſe accounts into your conſideration, and provide proper funds for diſcharging the ſame, ſo far at leaſt as you are required by law.

I am alſo deſired by the General to make a requiſition to you, that proviſion may be made for the further quartering his Majeſty's forces in the town of *Boſton*, and Caſtle Iſland, according to act of parliament.---This proviſion was made for the 65th regiment whilſt it was quartered in the Caſtle Iſland, by my order, with the advice of council. But now the General Court is ſitting, it is proper that you ſhould take order in this buſineſs, and eſpecially in providing funds for that purpoſe, without which further proviſion cannot be made. I deſire you would act thereupon as ſoon as you can, as I underſtand that the quartering the 29th regiment in the Caſtle Barracks is delayed for want of it.

July 6, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

Yeſterday his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following Meſſage to the Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

AS the ſeſſion is drawing to a concluſion, I muſt deſire that you will give an anſwer to my meſſage of Thurſday laſt, and that you will diſtinguiſh between the charges ariſing from the hiring barracks and furniſhing them, and the charges of purchaſing ſuch proviſions as are directed by act of parliament to be provided by the province; and that you will alſo give an anſwer, whether you will or will not eſtabliſh funds for the future ſupplying proviſions, according to act of parliament, to the troops quartered in barracks in the town of *Boſton*, or which ſhall or may be quartered in the provincial barracks on the Caſtle Iſland, or either of them. And I deſire that you will be explicit and diſtinct in theſe particulars, that there may be no miſtake in the report of your reſolutions on theſe heads.

In my former meſſage I omitted to inform you that the barracks on Caſtle Iſland will not conveniently hold a regiment without an additional building for officers rooms;---the want of ſuch a building has been enquired into by the commiſſary and found to be real; and an eſtimate of the expence has been made, which I underſtand amounts to £.260. I deſire that you will take this alſo into your conſideration, and let me know your reſolution thereupon.

July 12, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

BOSTON, JULY 17.

In the Houſe of Repreſentatives, July 14, 1769.

ORDERED, that Mr. *Hancock*, Col. *Bowers*, Major *Hawley*, Col. *Buckminſter*, and Mr. *Otis*, be a committee to wait upon his Excellency the Governor with the following Anſwer to his two Meſſages of the 6th and 12th Inſtant.

THOMAS CUSHING, Speaker.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Houſe of Repreſentatives have contemplated your ſeveral meſſages of the 6th and 12th inſtant, as fully as the time to which you were pleaſed to limit them would admit.

And as General Gage's letter on this ſubject, dated the 15th of May, of which we are favoured with an extract only, muſt have been received before the meeting of the General Aſſembly, we think it very extraordinary that your Excellency ſhould ſuffer five or ſix weeks to elapſe before you thought proper to give us the leaſt intimation of this matter. It is alſo ſurpriſing that as the Barrack-Maſter General, Colonel Robertſon, was in Boſton near a month, the greater part of which time the General Aſſembly was ſitting, we never before heard of the "Demand, which he has had the honour to make," as he is pleaſed to expreſs himſelf in his letter to your Excellency of the 13th of June.

It is wonderful indeed that this houſe ſhould have no notice of that demand till the 6th inſtant, and that a quickening meſſage ſhould ſo ſoon follow. Between theſe meſſages, Lord's Day intervening, the houſe had adjourned as uſual from Saturday to Monday.

But it is truly aſtoniſhing that when the gracious deſires of Majeſty itſelf, of aids in men and money, in the late war, in which we freely bled with our fellow-ſubjects and brethren of Great-Britain, as well as of America, and on other no leſs arduous occaſions, have with royal clemency and great condeſcenſion ever been intimated in the form only of a requiſition, the Barrack-Maſter General ſhould hold ſo high and peremptory a tone as the word demand muſt neceſſarily imply. The indignity thus offered to your Excellency's commiſſion would have been an affair entirely between your Excellency and the Barrack-Maſter General, had it not been communicated to the [illegible] appendage, accompanied your m[illegible] ject of which we ſhall now m[illegible]

The public proceedings of [illegible] ently evince to the whole wor[illegible] entertain of the ſudden introdu[illegible] the unparalleled methods uſed [illegible] indefatigable pains of your Ex[illegible] ſons, to keep up a ſtanding a[illegible] of profound peace, under the [illegible] ſuch force to aid the civil au[illegible] and the neceſſity of ſuch a [illegible] admitted the King, by virtu[illegible] marching his armies, and dir[illegible] realms or dominions, is the f[illegible] remembered, that the very n[illegible] that thoſe fleets and thoſe a[illegible] the *aids voluntarily* granted b[illegible] they have been ſupported, n[illegible] but in all the Britiſh domini[illegible]

May it pleaſe your Excell[illegible] very *explicit* upon the *funds* [illegible] in your meſſage of the 6th [illegible] Gage's letter before us. By [illegible] ſion for the reimburſement [illegible] tioned, or may accrue, in c[illegible] here; and by *law* we pre[illegible] monly called, which was [illegible] our moſt gracious Sovereig[illegible] ners and ſoldiers quartered [illegible] ſhall from time to time be [illegible] perſons to be authorized [illegible] Governor and council of [illegible] neglect or refuſal of ſuch [illegible] then by two or more [illegible] place of quartering, with *fire*, and other enumerated articles; and that the reſpective provinces ſhall repay *ſuch perſon or perſons* all ſuch ſum or ſums of money by him or them paid for the taking, hiring, and fitting up uninhabited houſes, and for furniſhing the officers and ſoldiers therein, and in the barracks, with *fire*, and the other enumerated articles; *and ſuch ſum or ſums are by ſaid act required to be raiſed in ſuch manner as the public charges for the provinces reſpectively are raiſed: And it is alſo further declared by the ſaid act, that the extraordinary expences of carriages ſhall be paid by the province or colony where the ſame ſhall ariſe.*

From hence it is obvious, that the Governor and council have no more right by this act to draw money out of any colony treaſury than *the two or more Juſtices* therein mentioned: The duty preſcribed to them all is entirely confined to the appointment of a perſon or perſons to furniſh and ſupply the articles in ſaid act mentioned. Such is the unreaſonableneſs and ſeverity of the act, that it leaves to the ſeveral aſſemblies on this continent not even the leaſt colour of privilege, and only the pitiful power to raiſe the ſums in ſuch manner as the public charges of the provinces reſpectively are raiſed; hence it is manifeſt how unwarrantably the Governor and council have acted in the payments they have ordered between the diſſolution of the laſt year's aſſembly and the convening this, for ſupplying the 65th regiment lately quartered at Caſtle-William, it being well known there was no fund provided, conſequently there could be no appropriation for that purpoſe.

With your Excellency's leave we ſhall now take a nearer view of the act of parliament above mentioned. This whole continent has for ſome years paſt been greatly diſtreſſed with what are called "acts for impoſing taxes on the coloniſts, for the expreſs purpoſe of raiſing a revenue," and that without their conſent in perſon or by repreſentative. This ſubject has been ſo fully handled by the ſeveral aſſemblies, and in the publications both in Europe and America, that we ſhall be as brief as poſſible upon this head; but we take leave to obſerve, that in ſtrict propriety all thoſe acts may be rather called *acts for raiſing a TRIBUTE in America for the further purpoſes of diſſipation among placemen and penſioners.* And if the preſent ſyſtem of meaſures ſhould be much further purſued, it will ſoon be very difficult, if poſſible, to diſtinguiſh the caſe of widows and orphans in America, plundered by infamous informers, from thoſe who ſuffered under the adminiſtration of the moſt oppreſſive of the Governors of the Roman provinces, at a period when that once proud and haughty republic, after having *ſubjugated* the *faireſt kingdoms* in the world, and drawn all the treaſures of the *Eaſt* to *imperial Rome*, fell a ſacrifice to the unbounded corruption and venality of its grandees. But of all the new regulations, the *ſtamp-act* not excepted, this under conſideration is the moſt exceſſively unreaſonable. For in effect, the *yet free* repreſentatives of the *free* aſſemblies of North-America are called upon, to pay of their own and their conſtituents money, ſuch ſum or ſums as *perſons*, over whom they can have no *check* or *controul* may be pleaſed to *expend!* As Repreſentatives we are deputed by the people, agreeable to the royal charter and the laws of this province. By that charter and by the nature of our truſt, we are only empowered "to grant ſuch aids, and to levy ſuch taxes for his Majeſty's ſervice as are reaſonable," of which if we are not *free* and independent judges, we can no longer be *free* Repreſentatives, nor our conſtituents *free* ſubjects. If we are *free* judges, we are at liberty to follow the dictates of our own underſtanding, regardleſs of the mandates of others. It is impoſſible we ſhould be *free* judges, if we are but blindly to give as much of our own and our conſtituents money, as may be demanded, or thought fit to be expended, by thoſe we know not.

Your Excellency muſt therefore excuſe us in this our EXPRESS DECLARATION, *that as we cannot conſiſtent with our honour, or intereſt, much leſs with the duty we owe our conſtituents, ſo we never ſhall make any proviſion or funds for the purpoſes in your ſeveral meſſages above-mentioned.*

Saturday last his Excellency the Governor was pleased to prorogue the Great and General Court or Assembly of this Province to Wednesday the 10th Day of January next, after having first signed seven bills, and making the following Speech, viz.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

AT the opening of this session, I had in contemplation the expediency of passing the public bills which were necessary to the Government with all due expedition, and particularly the Supply bill, without which the whole provincial debt, by a law then subsisting, would have been levied in one year, which would have been a great burthen upon the people. And I had resolved with myself to promote the expediting such necessary bills, and so avoid and remove, as far as I could, all difficulties which might obstruct the same. But you, Gentlemen, had not the same disposition; you not only put a stop to all real business with the most trifling pretences for some weeks together; but you endeavoured, by all means you could, to oblige me, in the course of my duty, to put an abrupt end to the session, before you would permit the necessary business of the province even to be brought before you.

In this, Gentlemen, you had some success: You put me under the difficulty of either not making proper provision for the necessary service of the government, which could not be done without continuing the session, or by a continuation of it, showing a want of regard to the dignity of the crown. The assertions, declarations, and resolutions, which you have from the beginning of the session to this time continued to issue, in direct opposition to the sense of the sovereign legislature, as it has been lately declared, and in terms entirely inconsistent with the idea of this province being a part of the British empire, would have demanded of me an immediate vindication of the honour of the crown, by putting an early end to this session, if I had not been restrained by my concern for the exigencies of the state. And I must rely upon his Majesty's favourable indulgence in accepting my attention to the necessities of the people, in lieu of the resentment which was due to the misbehaviour of their Representatives.

To his Majesty, therefore, and, if he pleases, to his parliament must be referred your invasion of the rights of the imperial sovereignty. By your own acts you will be judged: You need not be apprehensive of any misrepresentations; as it is not in the power of your enemies, if you have any, to add to your publications: They are plain and explicit, and need no comment.

It is my duty, and I shall do it with regret, to transmit to the King true copies of your proceedings: And, that his Majesty may have an opportunity to signify his pleasure thereupon, before you meet again, I think it necessary to prorogue this General Court immediately to the usual time of its meeting for the winter session.

FRA. BERNARD.

Council-Chamber, July 15, 1769.

LONDON, June 23.

IT is said that petitions from all the neighbouring towns in the kingdom, on the deplorable decay of our trade and foreign commerce, are preparing to be laid before a great personage.

We are informed that several samples of mineral ores, have lately been sent hither from the North-American colonies, consisting of lead, iron, copper, and silver, from mines lately discovered there, all of which are said to be extremely valuable.

We hear from Amsterdam, that a number of Corsican families had just arrived in the Texel, on board several Dutch merchantmen from the Mediterranean.

We hear that the Truro frigate, of 32 guns, is put into commission by the Lords of the Admiralty, and the command given to Captain Lee. The above ship is to convey the gentlemen lately appointed by the directors of the East-India company, supervisors of their Asiatic affairs to India, and to be there entirely under their command, to act in defence of the company's possessions.

We hear, that the patriotic chairman of the East India company has engaged the celebrated hero of the times, Paschal Paoli, to command the company's troops in India, with a large appointment.

June 24. A new minister is expected in town from the court of Turin, in the room of Count Viri, who is recalled.

On Wednesday was held, at their house in Leadenhall-street, a general quarterly court of the proprietors of the East-India company, and also an extraordinary general court, appointed at the requisition of nine proprietors. After the usual business of the quarterly general court, the directors were called upon to inform the proprietors whether measures had been taken for sending any persons to India with extraordinary powers; what the reasons were for such measures, and what were the particulars of the commission. And it was farther moved, that the commission should be laid before the court. The directors told the court, that the abuses and mismanagement of their affairs in India, particularly with regard to the continuance of an unnecessary war, which diminished the revenue and embarrassed commerce, had made it necessary to send over some persons with authority to examine and rectify the concerns of every department; and that they had appointed Mr. Vansittart, Mr. Scrafton, and Col. Ford, to go to India on this account in the office of Supervisors; but they declared they had not settled the commissions, nor any other particulars ready to lay before the court. A number of opinions were then given by the proprietors in support and in opposition to the appointment; and likewise on the powers and instructions that should be given to the Supervisors. One gentleman also moved, that the power should be vested in one person only; but, after a debate of some time, he withdrew his motion. A motion was also made, that the particular instructions to be given to the Supervisors, as well as commissions, should be laid before the court, but a previous question to adjourn the court *sine die* took place of it, and was carried.

The King of Prussia being now entered into the 30th year of his reign, the celebrated Professor Formey, perpetual Secretary of the Academy of sciences at Berlin, passed the following elegant compliment upon his Majesty, in a discourse made in the Assembly on the 6th, being the day of his Majesty's accession to the throne; a compliment first addressed to the Emperor Trajan, by Pliny: 'We pray not for peace, for concord, for safety, for 'riches, for honours: All these are comprehended in this one 'single wish of all: *the safety of our Prince.*'

Richard Brooke, Esq; who yesterday paid his fine of 400l. and 20 marks, to be excused serving the office of Sheriff of London and Middlesex, is the fifth gentleman that has paid the said fine since last court of common council. The others names are, Sir Benjamin Truman, Barth. Price, Esq; ——— Bayne, Esq; and Richard Bristow, Esq.

It is said that before a certain Ambassador, who now holds a considerable place in the administration of public affairs here, came from a neighbouring court, he was told by the prime minister of that court, sometime before he was recalled, of that event, and of his being to be appointed to office soon after his arrival in his own country. The public are left to draw their own conclusions from the above; but it certainly indicates a great intimacy between the Premiers of two contending nations.

June 25. It is said by the politicians, that some step will certainly be taken by three great powers to stop or retard the progress of the arms of Russia against the Turks; or otherwise such an aggrandisement of their power would in less than a quarter of a century inevitably enable the Russians to give laws to Europe.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman at Paris, who had intended to have made a campaign in Corsica, dated June 14.

"The final blow given to the expiring liberty of the brave Corsicans has induced me to change my resolution, for their situation is such that my poor services cannot possibly be of use. The head-quarters of M. de Vaux, the French general, is actually at Corte. In forcing a defile the French lost 800 soldiers and 60 officers. Paoli very narrowly escaped being made a prisoner; his hat was taken, and the cockade which he wore is sent to M. le Duc de Choiseul, who received it with the greatest air of triumph. Are not the inferences very clear how the head would have been disposed of, had it unhappily accompanied the hat. A war in the East Indies is spoken of with the greatest confidence; the French have already upwards of 5000 troops on the Isle de Bourbon; and in a postscript to some late letters, they are actually augmenting their troops at home."

June 26. Saturday came on the election of sheriffs for the city of London and county of Middlesex at Guildhall, before the most numerous and respectful body of liverymen perhaps ever assembled on the like occasion. The court opened precisely at one o'clock, when the Recorder coming forward to open the business of the day, the hissing was so great that he could not proceed, the livery crying out, "The Petition! the Petition!"

My Lord Mayor then answered them, "That if they would suffer the business of the election to go on, he would afterwards hearken to any *proper* proposal that should be made." Mr. Vaughan commented on the word *proper*, lest it should afterwards become a matter of dispute; but Mr. Bellas cleared up that matter, by assuring them in the name of his lordship, the business of the petition should be considered. Mr. Recorder then spoke to the following effect: "He told them that he did not intend to obtrude any opinion of his own on the gentlemen of the livery, what he had to say was officially, and when that was over his business was done." He then descanted on the importance of the office of sheriff, and concluded with observing, "that honest, reputable, conscientious men should be their objects in their present choice." Thirteen candidates were then put in nomination, among whom were James Townshend and John Sawbridge, Esqrs; who, upon the holding up of hands, carried it *Nemine Contradicente.*

It is said, that the petition of the Livery of London is to be presented to his Majesty, at St. James's, to-morrow, by the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, and the three city Members.

Seven petitions are expected to be delivered to a great personage on Wednesday next.

By the Brussels Gazette which arrived this day, we learn from Corsica, that the Pieves are daily submitting to the French army; the officers of which express their surprize that the war in that island should be so shortly terminated, as they declare, with a very few men, from the natural strength of the country, it might have been defended foot by foot.

SAVANNAH, *(in Georgia)* August 25.

AS Advice has been received, that the Address of the Commons House of Assembly of this Province, of the 24th Day of December last, to our Most Gracious Sovereign, has been, by the Agent, delivered to the Secretary of State for America, to be presented to his Majesty, it is thought not improper now to publish it.

To the KING's MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

The HUMBLE ADDRESS of the Commons House of Assembly of the Province of Georgia.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

YOUR dutiful and loyal subjects, the Commons House of Assembly of Georgia, with the greatest humility, beg leave to represent to your sacred person, the grievance this province labours under, by the late acts of Parliament of Great-Britain for raising a revenue in America. Equally attached by interest, principle, and affection, for our mother country, we readily acknowledge a constitutional subordination to its supreme legislature; at the same time, with inexpressible concern, we must lament, that, by their imposition of internal taxes, we are deprived of the privilege, which, with humble deference, we apprehend to be our indubitable right, that of granting away our own property, and are thereby prevented from a ready compliance with any requisition your Majesty may graciously please to make, and which, to the utmost extent of our small abilities, we have hitherto always most chearfully obeyed.

From your Majesty's equity, wisdom, and paternal regard for the rights and liberties of your subjects, however remote, we flatter ourselves with, and firmly rely upon redress in this our unhappy situation: And as we of this province experience your Majesty's particular countenance and protection in our present infant state, for which we are impressed with the deepest sense of gratitude, so we most fervently hope, and doubt not, we shall also experience, in general with our sister colonies, on this occasion, fresh marks of your Majesty's royal justice and attention to supplications of your distressed subjects.

We beg leave to assure your Majesty, that none of your numerous subjects can, or do more ardently wish and pray for a continuance of your most auspicious reign, and that your latest posterity may happily rule over a free, grateful, and loyal people, throughout your wide extended empire, than your faithful Commons of Georgia.

By Order of the House,

N. W. JONES, Speaker.

Commons House of Assembly, 24th December, 1768.

The brig Prince George, Captain Martin, from London, for St. Augustine, was lost about 17 days ago in the night upon a reef about 10 miles to the northward of that bar. We are told the vessel and the cargo are entirely lost.

The ship Lion, Captain Irvine, belonging to London, having on board about 450 hogsheads of sugar, was cast away the 13th of last month on Arrikabas reef on the north side of Jamaica.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.

ON Saturday the 16th Instant, departed this Life, in Radnor Township, Chester County, Mr. John Jerman, Philomath, in the 85th Year of his Age; and on Thursday Morning following his Remains was interred, attended by a Number of his Relations and Neighbours. He was the first Male Child, of European Parents, born in said Township. A Gentleman well known for his Astronomical Calculations.

Extract of a Letter from Kennet, in Chester County, July 22.

"On Monday last we had a smart Thunder Gust, which produced melancholly Effects here. Seven Men being a reaping on the Plantation of Mr. George Mason, about three o'Clock in the Afternoon, when the Gust arose, betook themselves to a Tree for Shelter from the Rain, and stuck their Sickles into it, which they had scarce done, when a Flash of Lightning struck the Tree, drew out all the Sickles, and knocked down every Man, one of whom (a Son of Mr. Andrew Reese) was killed. The others were terribly burnt, and were to all Appearance dead, until Mr. Mason, (who came to their Relief) thought of an Expedient for their Preservation, which was to blow into their Mouths. This being done to all of them, six were happily brought to Life; one of them, however, is in a dangerous situation. The others are in a fair Way of Recovery. It is thought the unfortunate young Reese would have been saved, in like Manner, had not his Wind-pipe been cut with a Sickle or a Splinter from the Tree."——"*Watch therefore for ye know not what Hour your Lord doth come.*"

Mr. Crouch,

AS a Friend to the late Scheme of Oeconomy, I cannot but wish it were less fashionable to waste so much Paper as is generally done.—In Letters for Instance, a Half Sheet at least for perhaps no more than two or three Lines.

As we cannot yet expect a sufficient Supply from our Colonies, and a Duty is laid on Paper for the sole Purpose of raising a Revenue; I leave it to the Consideration of the Friends of North-America, whether a more sparing Use of it in general, would not prevent the Importation of many Bales of that necessary Article.

I am, Your humble Servant,

FRUGALIS.

CHARLES-TOWN, September 5.

THIS Morning the Officers and Men of his Majesty's 21st Regiment of Foot, who have been in this Province since January last, embarked on board the Transports Ship Mary, James Gordon, Master, Snow Sally, Richard Purse, Master, and Brig Harriet, Charles Dawson, Master, and will sail To-Morrow for St. Augustine, where, after they are landed, the Transports are to take on board his Majesty's 9th Regiment of Foot, and proceed to Cork.

We are assured that the following Extract from the Philadelphia Papers relative to Mr. *Adair*'s Essays, was written by a Gentleman of unquestionable Learning and Capacity, who had carefully perused his Manuscripts.

"As the Origin, Genius, Temper, and Customs, of Nations, are Subjects of great Pleasure and Utility to Mankind; it must be very delightful and entertaining to our American Colonies, to have a rational Account how this vast Continent was first furnished with Inhabitants; and to know, with Certainty, the Rites and Customs of any of our Indian Nations. For, as they all seem, from their Colour and Features, to be originally of one Family; an intimate Acquaintance with any one, or with a few, of these Tribes, will probably help us to a better Acquaintance with the numerous Nations that are dispersed from Hudson's Bay, to the Straits of Magellan. Mr. James Adair, a Gentleman, who spent almost Thirty-three Years among the Chickesaws and Chocktas, near the Missisippi, above Nine hundred Miles West of Charles-Town, and who had the Advantage of a liberal Education, in the early Part of his Life; has written Essays on their Origin, and the Language, Religion and religious Rites of these Nations, where he lived, and given an Account of their civil Policy, Methods of making War and Peace, their military Laws, their Marriages and Divorces, their Priests or Ministers of Religion, their Feasts and Fasts, their funeral Ceremonies, their Exercises and Diversions, their Habits and Dispositions, which well deserve the Public Attention. His Narratives are copious, and interspersed with curious Anecdotes, and ingenious Criticisms, wherein many of their Customs, and Modes of Expression are compared with those of the Hebrews, and other Eastern Nations, besides they contain many useful Observations, relative to the Advantages arising to Great-Britain and her Colonies, from their Trade with those Nations, and the best Methods of conciliating and improving their Affections for our Advantage. He well understands their Language and Customs; and an Air of Simplicity and Candour, seems to run thro' the whole Performance. He intends in a short Time to go to Europe, and to print these Essays, together with a History of the Catabaws, Cherokees, Creeks, Chickesaws, and Chocktas; which Pieces, it is believed, well deserve the Attention of the Public."

The above Performance has been greatly encouraged to the Northward; and as the Inhabitants of this Province have the nearest Connection with those Indians, who are the Subjects of his Essays, it can scarcely fail of Encouragement here.

N. B. Proposals for Subscription, will be in our next.

Died] Mrs. Hannah Patchabell, Widow of Mr. Charles-Theodore Patchabell.

August	Custom-House, Entries Inward.	From
29th.	Sloop Little-Betsey, Downham Newton,	New-Providence
	Sloop Hopewell, Francis Williams,	St. Eustatia
31st.	Schooner Nancy, David Walker,	New-Providence
	Brig Porgey, Jeremiah Basset,	Muskito-Shore
Sept. 4.	Brig Charming-Betsey, William Thompson,	Dominico
	Schooner Helen, William Brown,	Philadelphia
August	Entries Outward.	For
29th.	Schooner Broton-Island Packet, P. Bachop,	St. Augustine
	Sloop Sally, Joseph Blewer,	Philadelphia
30th.	Brig Dembia, Francis Bare,	Liverpool
August	Cleared for Departure.	For
31st.	Schooner Cannon, Charles Smith,	East-Florida
Sept.	2d. Sloop Sally, Joseph Blewer,	Philadelphia
4th.	Schooner Broton-Island Packet, P. Bachop,	St. Augustine
	Snow Sally, William Purse,	Ditto
	Ship Mary, James Gordon,	Ditto

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Charles-Town, September 2, 1769.

AT a GENERAL MEETING of the Inhabitants of this Province Yesterday, it was *AGREED*, That such of the Inhabitants of Charles-Town, *who have not* subscribed their RESOLUTIONS, be indulged to THURSDAY NEXT, the 7th Instant, to do it; when the Names of all such as *have not then* subscribed, were ordered to be PUBLISHED in the NEWS-PAPERS.

At the same Time it was *ORDERED*, That the Names of the Country Inhabitants *who shall not* subscribe the said RESOLUTIONS by the FIRST OF OCTOBER NEXT, *be then also* PUBLISHED in the NEWS-PAPERS.

Charles-Town, August 29, 1769.

THE Honourable the CHURCH COMMISSIONERS, are hereby summoned to meet in the Council Chamber, on Friday the eighth Day of September next, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of his Honour the Lieut. Governor,

JAMES JOHNSTON, Clerk.

SHIP-CHANDLERY.

A Large and complete Assortment, just imported, in the *Queen Charlotte*, Captain *Chamberlin*, from LONDON; likewise a Cargo of Dry Goods: Which will be sold at a small Advance, by WILLIAM HULME,

The South Corner of Elliott-Street, on the Bay.

Where he continues to sell, very cheap, as usual, fine old Jamaica, Barbados, and Northward Rums, by the Hogshead, Quarter-Cask, or smaller Quantity; Madera Wine, by the Pipe, Quarter-Cask, or Dozen; Bristol Beer, and Porter in Bottles, by the Dozen.

N. B. Pitch, Tar, and Turpentine, by the single Barrel.

A PARCEL of NEGRO SHOES to be sold by the Quantity at 12s. 6d. per Pair, for CASH.——Also a Quantity of the best Florence OIL in Flasks and Quart Bottles, and cut and dried TOBACCO, at a very LOW ADVANCE, by JAMES LAURENS.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP for CASH *or* SHORT CREDIT,

A Likely young negro wench, that can cook, wash, and iron very well, and has been used to wait in a house.—Also a few hogsheads of choice West-India rum, warranted three years old—superfine Philadelphia flour in whole and half barrels—Philadelphia hams—coffee, and Madera wine,

By EDWARD BLAKE,

On Roper's wharf.

Who has also for sale, about 50 barrels of Indian corn, a few barrels of turpentine, and a large quantity of assorted lumber, with pipe, hogshead, and barrel staves, shingles, &c.——He will engage to load any vessels with very good lumber, on as early notice as any other person in Charles-Town.

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have just received,

A Tub of HYSON TEA, of a superior Quality, which they will sell at 5l. 10s. per lb. cash, or at 6l. with the customary credit.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of HUGH MURPHEY, deceased, at the *Congarees*, are desired to make Payment within two Months at farthest; and all those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts properly attested, and receive Payment. After that Time the Debtors will be sued, and the Creditors excluded.

WILLIAM HAY, Executor,
MARY MURPHEY, Executrix.

FIFTY Pieces of STROUDS, London and Briſtol ſtriped DUFFILS, and a few Pieces of white PLAINS, arrived in the Live-Oak, from BRISTOL, to be ſold on eaſy Terms, by GEORGE SMITH.

N. B. IRISH Beef in Barrels.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Live-Oak, *Captain* Lundberry, *from* BRISTOL,

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

Amongſt which are the following articles,

WHITE, blue, and green PLAINS, ſtriped DUFFILS, plain and ſtriped flanels, men, women, boys and girls yarn hoſe, women and girls ſtuff ſhoes, a compleat aſſortment of earthen ware, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate, will be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at his ſtore on the Bay, formerly poſſeſſed by Meſſrs. WOODDROP and CATHCART. BENJAMIN MATHEWES.

FOR SALE by PRIVATE CONTRACT,

THE corner houſe and lot, near the vendue-houſe, now occupied by Mr. *William Greaves*, known in the town-plat by No. VI. containing twenty-one feet nine inches front on the Bay, and one hundred and twenty feet eight inches front on Tradd-ſtreet, the ſtore is well fitted, and the houſe in good repair.

One half of the purchaſe money to be paid on delivery of the titles, for the other half, one or two years credit will be given, with approved ſecurity. Apply to

PETER BACOT.

WHEREAS CATHERINE DUNLOP, Wife of the Subſcriber, has eloped from her Huſband, this is to forewarn all and every Perſon from truſting her on my Account, as I am determined not to pay any Debts of her contracting after this Date.

September 4, 1769. JOHN DUNLOP.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD,

TAKEN out of a Portmanteau on Friday Night laſt, a Bundle of clean Linen, conſiſting of different Articles. Whoever will give Information of the THIEF, ſhall receive the above Reward; or if the Things are brought to the Printer, ſhall receive Five Pounds.

N. B. The Letters marked upon the Linen are G. G.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method of acquainting the gentlemen, ladies, and others, of this town, that ſhe intends to take in family waſhing by the month; alſo young men's waſhing in the ſame manner.——Gowns, ſacks, ſilk ſtockings by the piece: Thoſe who are pleaſed to favour her with their cuſtom, may aſſure themſelves that ſhe will make it her ſtudy to give general ſatisfaction, and at a very reaſonable rate. PHILIPPINA WALKMAN.

☞ Alſo CLEAR STARCHING.

N. B. She is to be found in *Jane's-alley*, behind the Provoſt-Marſhal's, leading from King-ſtreet into Meeting-ſtreet.

WANTS A PLACE,

A YOUNG WOMAN, capable of doing any kind of work in a family, or take care of children. Any perſon in want of ſuch a one may enquire of the Printer.

For SALE,

ONE Hundred Cord of very good Live-Oak and Hickory FIRE-WOOD, cut this Seaſon, about Fifteen Miles from Charles-Town, very handy to a very good landing.—For Particulars, enquire of

BENJAMIN MATHEWES.

TO BE SOLD, and may be entered upon immediately,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, on the Saltketchers, containing 430 acres, good for corn, rice or indico, and not above five miles from a very good landing. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid land, may treat with the ſubſcriber on Horſe-Savannah.

JAMES MILES.

TO BE LET, and may be entered upon immediately,

THE HOUSE wherein Mrs. Elizabeth Hacket, deceaſed, lately lived, containing 12 Rooms, and other Conveniencies. Enquire of

THOMAS GRIMBALL, jun.

A Bay horſe, about thirteen hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder A H, on the off ſhoulder ℒ R, and on the off buttock M AN in one, with a black ſtroke acroſs his weathers, and has a few white hairs in his forehead.

A white horſe, about twelve hands high, branded on the off buttock X, reſembling a pair of ſhears.

The owner or owners of the above ſtrays muſt prove their property before

Auguſt 10, 1769. JOHN JOOR.

George-Town, Auguſt 9, 1769.

INFORMATION has been made to me, of a bay horſe, branded on his cheek P, on his mounting ſhoulder an obſcure brand, and on the mounting thigh P D, one hind foot white, about twelve hands high, 5 years old.

Alſo a light brindled and white cow, with a white face, about 8 years old, branded on the right ſhoulder thus 2L, as near as can be made out, a crop and hole in the right ear, and an upper keel in the left, with a very fine calf by her ſide. The property to be proved before

J. DUBOURDIEU.

STRAYED from the *Four Holes*, about the 1ſt of April, a large black horſe, 14 hands and half high, branded on the mounting buttock I h, and a few white hairs on his forehead. Whoever delivers ſaid ſtray to the ſubſcriber, near the head of *Four Holes*, ſhall be intitled to a reward of a piſtole, by FREDERICK HOFF.

STOLEN or STRAYED, from off Charles-Town green, about the begining of July laſt,

A bay horſe, fourteen hands high, branded on the mounting buttock H R, and on the other buttock with a blind brand; he was bred at Gooſe-Creek, and he may have ſtrayed that way. Five pounds reward will be paid to any perſon who will deliver him to me in Charles-Town.

RICHARD TODD.

BREW-HOUSE.

ALE, Table and Ship BEER, delivered to any Part of the Town, in any Quantity not under five Gallons, at the uſual Prices, by JOHN CALVERT, & Co.

YEST for baking, and GRAINS good for Cows and Horſes.

RUN-AWAY on the 20th of June laſt, a new Ebo man, named NED, had on when he went away, a white negro cloth wrapper, blue breeches with yellow buttons, a pair of check trowſers, and has on each ſide his face his country marks. Whoever will give information that he is harboured by a white perſon, ſhall receive TWENTY POUNDS reward, or TEN POUNDS if by a negro. Any perſon who will deliver him to me at the late Mr. Peter Hoſkin's plantation, near Dorcheſter, or to the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall be handſomely rewarded. JAMES SPENDER.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

September 2, 1769. A negro fellow, calls himſelf *Hercules*, ſays he is of the Congo country, but cannot or will not tell his maſter's name; he is five feet nine inches high, of a black complexion, filed teeth, his country marks on each ſide his face and on his breaſt, ſtrait limbed; has on only a pair of old white negro cloth breeches. Taken up at Mr. *Maybank's* plantation, at *Pompon*.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN GILES,

Has imported in the Mermaid, *Captain* Samuel Ball, *jun. juſt arrived from* LONDON,

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

Proper for the preſent and approaching SEASON, Among which are,

WHITE, blue, and green PLAINS, London duffils, ſuperfine faſhionable broad cloths, with ſuitable trimmings, very neat bed patterns, bed blankets, ſtriped and white flannels, ſwanſkin, emboſſed ſerges, ſaddle cloth, callimancoes, tammies, durants, rich ſtriped thread ſatins, cotton and linen checks, Iriſh ſheeting and ſhirting linens, Scotch oznabrugs, &c. which, with the goods lately imported from London and Briſtol, will make a very neat aſſortment, and are to be ſold on very reaſonable terms.

WINE, RUM, and other liquors, SALT and BAR IRON, to be ſold as uſual.

☞ The COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in payment.

GEORGE THOMSON,

Has juſt imported in the Mermaid, *Captain* Ball, *from* LONDON.

A Freſh ſupply of WHITE and COLOURED PLAINS, and beſt LONDON DUFFIL BLANKETS, which, with his former aſſortment of GOODS, he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his ſtore in Tradd-Street.

At JOHN TUNNO's

Manchester and Linen-Warehouse,

In BROAD-STREET,

Lately occupied by Meſſrs. BREWTON & SMITH,

Juſt imported in the Mermaid, *Captain* Samuel Ball, *from* LONDON, *and the laſt Veſſels from* ENGLAND,

A Large and compleat aſſortment of linen-drapery, and other goods, fitting for the preſent ſeaſon, which he will ſell by wholeſale, at ſuch prices as will afford good profit to thoſe who buy to ſell again; and in retail, on very low terms, for *caſh* or ſhort credit.—To any perſon buying to the amount of 20l. or upwards, for *caſh*, a diſcount of 5 per ct. will be made.

N. B. Silk umbrellas, and London porter in bottles.

ARCHITECTURE.

Ut res geſta eſt Narrabo Ordine,

EZRA WAITE,

Civil Architect, Houſe-builder in general, and Carver, from LONDON,

HAS finiſhed the architecture, conducted the execution thereof, viz. in the joiner way, all tabernacle frames, (but that in the dining-room excepted) and carved all the ſaid work in the four principal rooms; and alſo calculated, adjuſted, and draw'd at large for to work by, the Ionick entablature, and carved the ſame in the front and round the eaves, of MILES BREWTON, Eſquire's Houſe, on *White-Point*, for Mr. MONCRIEFF.—If on inſpection of the above mentioned work, and twenty-ſeven years experience, both in theory and practice, in noblemen and gentlemen's ſeats, be ſufficient to recommend; he flatters himſelf to give ſatisfaction to any gentleman, either by plans, ſections, elevations, or executions, at his houſe in *King-ſtreet*, next door to Mr. *Wainwright's*, where architecture is taught by a peculiar method never publiſhed in any book extant.

N. B. As MILES BREWTON, Eſquire's dining-room is of a new conſtruction, with reſpect to the finiſhing of windows and doorways, it has been induſtriouſly propagated by ſome, (believed to be Mr. *Kinſey Burden*, a carpenter) that the ſaid WAITE did not do the architecture, and conduct the execution thereof. Therefore the ſaid WAITE, begs leave to do himſelf juſtice in this public manner, and aſſure all gentlemen, that he the ſaid WAITE, did conſtruct every individual part, and drawed the ſame at large for the joiners to work by, and conducted the execution thereof. Any man that can prove to the contrary, the ſaid WAITE promiſes to pay him One Hundred GUINEAS, as witneſs my hand, this 22d day of *Auguſt*, 1769.

Veritas odium parvit. EZRA WAITE.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of THOMAS LEE, deceaſed, either by bond, note, or book-debt, are requeſted to call and ſettle the ſame; and thoſe to whom the ſaid eſtate is any ways indebted, are deſired to bring in their accounts properly atteſted, to

WILLIAM LEE, Executor.

ANDREW LORD,

Has imported in the laſt veſſels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

A Large quantity of WHITE PLAINS, of different prices, together with a neat and large aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the ſummer ſeaſon, which he will diſpoſe of on low terms at his ſtore on the Bay.

N. B. Crow coloured MANTUAS, free from ſpots, OZNABRUGS at 3s. 6d. per yard. tfctf.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A Tract of land containing about 460 acres, on Paris's iſland, well known for its goodneſs and ſituation, being fronting Beaufort town, and as good land for corn and indico as any in the province, and well ſituated for ſupplying the market of ſaid town, as not lying more than five miles down ſaid river. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may know the conditions by applying to me, or Mr. John Grayſon, in the town of Beaufort, where a plat of the ſame may be ſeen. HILDERSON WIGG.

THE co-partnerſhip of CROSBY & TOOMER, having expired with the 15th inſt. *Auguſt*, they deſire all perſons indebted to them, to pay off their reſpective debts immediately; and all thoſe to whom the ſaid co-partnerſhip is indebted, are deſired to bring in their accounts, in order for ſettlement as ſoon as poſſible.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A Tract of land containing about 400 acres, on Port-Royal iſland, well known by the name of Wigg's Berry, formerly where Col. Thomas Wigg lived, known to be as good for rice and corn, as any tract on the iſland. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, by applying to the ſubſcriber, may know his conditions, and ſee the plat of ſaid land. THOMAS WIGG.

THE Members of the SOUTH CAROLINA SOCIETY, are deſired to attend at the *Quarterly Meeting* of the ſaid Society, to be held at the Houſe of Mr. Eliſha Poinſett, in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 3d Day of October next at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, in order to conſider and determine on the Expediency of ſelling Part of their Land in Anſonſborough.

By Order of the Society,

Auguſt 15, 1769. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.

MARGARET NELSON, Paſtry-Cook,

BEGS leave to acquaint her old cuſtomers, and others, that ſhe is removed from King-ſtreet to Church-ſtreet, in the houſe where Mr. Edward Weyman lately lived, and next door to Captain Foſkey's, where ſhe carrys on her buſineſs as uſual, and hopes for the continuance of their favours, as ſhe will endeavour to merit them.

THE ſubſcribers acquaint their friends in country and town, that they have juſt received per the Lloyd, Captain Pocock, immediately from Briſtol, and by the laſt veſſels from London, their white and coloured NEGRO CLOTH, the quality of which will recommend itſelf to the purchaſer, alſo duffil blankets, oznabrugs, a large quantity of exceeding cheap Iriſh ſheeting and ſhirting linens, taylors Bridport canvas, plantation and workmens tools in general, caſks of aſſorted nails, nine inch red hearth tiles, painted floor cloths, fine cotton and wool cards, and ſeveral pieces of plain and flowered 3-4 wide luteſtrings, with their other large aſſortment of goods on hand, they will diſpoſe of at a moderate advance, particularly for caſh, at their ſtore on the Bay, near the New-Exchange.

WEBB & DOUGHTY.

CHARLES MOTTE, Eſq; of St. Thomas's pariſh, informs me of a ſtray white gelding, about thirteen hands and an half high, about ten years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder ſomething like WD in one, and on the ſame buttock with an obſcure brand. The owner of the above ſtray, muſt prove his property before

JOHN DERING.

JAMES REMMEDGE informs me of a light grey gelding, about twelve hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder HE, a trotter. And

WILLIAM CARTER, of a bay gelding, about twelve hands high, branded on the off buttock J E, and off ſhoulder with a W above a heart, has a ſmall ſtar on his forehead, paces. The owners of ſaid horſes to prove their property before

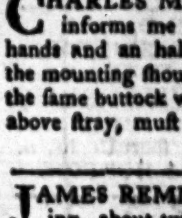
July 20, 1769. PHILIP SMITH.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation in Chriſt-Church pariſh, on the 13th inſtant, two negro men, named TOM and PETER: TOM is a thin likely fellow, about five feet ſeven inches high, born in Jamaica, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, and is very artful; had on when he went away, a pair of oznabrugs trowſers, a green negro cloth robin, and white jacket: PETER is a thick well made fellow, of the Angola country, ſpeaks good Engliſh, about five feet two inches high; had on a pair of green negro cloth breeches, and a yellow jacket. Whoever delivers the ſaid negroes to me at my plantation, or to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS reward for TOM, and FIVE POUNDS for PETER.

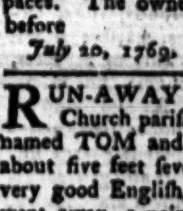
As it is imagined they will attempt to get off the province, all maſters of veſſels are hereby cautioned from carrying them off.

RUN-AWAY at the ſame time, from Mr. *Benjamin Wigfall's* plantation, a black muſtee fellow, named CUPID, about five feet eight inches high, ſtout and well made, has a remarkable large head of hair, and lately trimmed before; had on when he went away, a blue cloth coat, a croſs bar robin, and oznabrug trowſers. TEN POUNDS reward will be given to whoever delivers the ſaid fellow to the warden of the work-houſe, or Mr. *Benjamin Wigfall*, at his plantation in St. Thomas's pariſh.

Auguſt 16, 1769. JOSEPH WIGFALL.



RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Combahee-ferry, in Prince William's pariſh, in June 1768, a negro fellow named TOBY, about five feet ſix inches high, this country born; he formerly belonged to *William Raven*, Eſq; deceaſed, and is well known on John's-Iſland, where he has been ſeen ſeveral times by different people. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid fellow, and deliver him to me, or the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a reward of TEN POUNDS. GODIN GUERARD.



RUN-AWAY ſome time in May, 1768, from the ſubſcriber, at Sampitt, a negro fellow, named LEEDS, he is 28 years of age, of a yelloviſh complexion, five feet eight inches high, ſtout and well made, very artful, and ſuppoſed to be harboured about Santee, where he has many relations.——ONE HUNDRED POUNDS currency reward, will be paid by the ſubſcriber to any perſon who will apprehend the ſaid fellow, and deliver him to *John Calvert*, or the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, or to the ſubſcriber at Sampitt.——The like ſum to any perſon giving information of his being harboured by a white perſon, or FIFTY POUNDS if by a negro, on due proof thereof.

6 m. FRANCIS WITHERS.

St. Paul's pariſh, Auguſt 12, 1769.

A Bay-gelding, about 14 years old, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock ſo in one, has a ſtar and ſnip in his face, the near hind hoof white, with a blemiſh in one eye; was taken with a ſaddle and bridle from a negro, at Beach-Hill, ſuppoſed to be run-away. The owner of the ſaid gelding, muſt prove his or her property before EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

WHITE and COLOURED PLAINS,
just imported in the *Live Oak*, Captain *Lundberry*, from BRISTOL, and to be sold reasonably by
THOMAS LOUGHTON & ROGER SMITH.
They have to dispose of very cheap, a dozen of English WALNUT CHAIRS, and two ELBOW CHAIRS to suit, with horse hair seats.

WILLIAM BAKER,
Has just imported in the Ship Live-Oak, Andrew Lundberry, *Master, from* BRISTOL, *and to be sold on reasonable Terms, at his Store the Corner of* Church *and* Tradd-Street;
THREE, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 20, 24 & 30d Nails, 20d flooring Brads, socket Spades, iron Wedges, German Steel, iron Pots, from one to twenty-five Gallons, Rice Sickles, Shot of all Sizes, split Peafe in Jugs, &c.
N. B. A Chest of exceeding fine Hyson Tea, at £.6 per lb. and a few flock Mattraffes, to be sold at 9 for 1.

A Consignment of GOODS,
Lately imported in the ship Nanny, David Perry, *Master, from* LIVERPOOL,
CONSISTING of fine white negro cloth and striped duffils, silk and cotton India goods, Manchester goods, cambricks, lawns, linens, oznabrugs, sheeting, dowlas, sail cloth, Barcelona black silk handkerchiefs and cravats, thread hose, breeches pieces, and felt hats, to be sold at eight and an half for one.
Also very cheap, double refined sugar, red port, sweet mountain and Lisbon wine, long necked quart bottles, smoaking pipes, gun-powder, and coarse salt, by
HEAD & GIBALL.

PHILIP HAWKINS, & Co.
Have just imported in the Ship Mermaid, *Capt.* Samuel Ball,
A Fresh Assortment of IRISH Linens, a few Pieces of flowered Book Muslins, Men and Womens silk and thread Hose, which, with their large Assortment of Linen-Drapery and Hardware in general, will be sold cheap, at their Store in *Tradd-Street*, lately possessed by *John Edwards* and Co.——Also a large Quantity of best blue and white WATCHET PLAINS, of an extraordinary Width and Quality, and BRISTOL and LONDON DUFFILS.

TO BE SOLD,
CHOICE PHILADELPHIA
HAMS
By WILLIAM BANBURY.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Live-Oak, *Capt.* Lundberry, *from* BRISTOL,
WHITE PLAINS of an extraordinary Width and Quality, BLUE PLAINS, and best DUFFIL BLANKETS, bought of the Manufacturers with ready Money, to be sold very cheap, for ready Money, short Credit, or Produce, by WILLIAM HOPTON.

GEORGE ANCRUM, & Co.
Have just imported in the Live Oak, *Capt.* Lundberry, from BRISTOL,
A Very large and choice assortment of woollens, viz. white, blue, green, and drab-coloured PLAINS, exceeding good and wide duffil blankets, shrouds, rugs, serges, Bath coating, bear-skins, broad cloths, kerseys, forest cloths, linseys and flannel, ready made cloaths of all sorts, hosiery, &c. together with sadlery, ironmongery, fine Glocester cheese, beer, cyder, and perry, in casks and hampers, loaf sugar, raisins and currants in jars, window glass, painters colours and linseed oil, which, with their late large importation from LONDON, make a compleat and general assortment of goods.—Their friends both in town and country, may depend upon being served at the most reasonable rates.

WILLIAM HUTCHINS,
WRITING-MASTER, in *Gadsden's Alley*,
TAKES this Method of acquainting the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that he intends to open an Evening School, on Monday the 4th of *September*. Where young Gentlemen may be taught Reading, Writing, (in a Variety of Hands,) and Arithmetic, both Vulgar and Decimal, as also Mensuration, Guaging, &c.

ARTHUR DOWNES,
Has imported in the Mermaid, *Captain* Samuel Ball,
A Compleat Assortment of fashionable Gold and Silver WATCHES, with a Variety of other Articles in the Jewellery Way: Which he will dispose of as cheap by Retail as in London.
N. B. An ingenious LAD, of a reputable Family, is wanted as an Apprentice.

WILLIAM & JAMES CARSAN,
Have just imported in the Live-Oak, *Captain* Lundberry, *from* BRISTOL,
A Large Quantity of white and coloured PLAINS, Sail-Cloth, blue Landskip Chimney TILES, and sundry other Articles, which they will dispose of on the usual Terms.

HIS Majesty's 21st Regiment of Foot, or Royal North British Fusiliers, being ordered to embark from this Province. The Sutler JOHN BELL, takes this Method to inform all Merchants or others, that he has had any Dealings with, to bring in their Bills that they may be paid.

TO BE SOLD at Neilson's ferry, on Thursday the 14th day of September next,
THREE NEGROES, formerly the property of *James Baird*, and under mortgage to the subscriber. The conditions is CASH, the property not to be altered till the money is paid to JARED NEILSON.

WILLIAM WAYNE, being removed from Charles-Town, to the house up the Path where Mr. Benjamin Hasen lately lived; and being very inconvenient for him to be often in town, he begs the favour of those indebted to him, to discharge their respective debts as soon as possible, that he may be enabled to settle with all his creditors, whom he desires to bring in their accounts for payment.

DANCING and FENCING.
TO PIKE's Schools will be opened for the ensuing Season, in the first Week of September; where Attendance is given every Day, from five in the Morning until nine in the Evening, as usual, opposite JOHN IZARD, Esquire, in Church-street.

AS the Subscriber intends soon to leave the Province, she begs the Favour of all Persons indebted to the Estate of HENRY RICHARDSON, deceased, to call and discharge their respective Debts, by the 1st Day of November next at farthest; and all those who have any just Demands against the said Estate, are once more desired to send in their Accounts properly attested, to
ELIZABETH RICHARDSON, Executrix.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons any ways indebted to the estate of HENRY DE ST. JULIEN, Esq; deceased, who do not make payment, or settle to the satisfaction of the executors, by the 1st day of October next, that they will be sued without distinction or further notice.
ISAAC MAZYCK,
DANIEL RAVENEL,
ISAAC MAZYCK, jun. } Executors.

JOHN BRAUND, & Co.
DESIRES all Persons whatever who have any Demands against them, to send in their Accounts to JOHN MARLEY, in order to be settled, in whose Hands the Books of Accounts, &c. since the 1st of January, 1765, to the 1st of January, 1769, are lodged; and all Persons indebted to the said Co-partnership, are requested to make speedy Payment to the said JOHN MARLEY.
JOHN BRAUND,
MICHAEL KALTEISEN,
JOHN MARLEY.
N. B. They request all Persons whatever not to pay any Money on their Account to any of their Carters. 6w.

Charles-Town, August 28, 1769.
TO BE SOLD,
On THURSDAY the seventh Day of September next,
A CARGO of 280
PRIME, HEALTHY, YOUNG
NEGROES,
ARRIVED THIS DAY in the Snow JOHN, JOHN FLETCHER, Master, directly from the WINDWARD and GRAIN COAST, by
BREWTON, DOYLEY, & BREWTON.

Charles-Town, August 28, 1769.
NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons who have any Demands on the Estate of THOMAS FOWLER, late of Charles-Town, deceased, to bring in their Accounts properly attested; and those indebted thereto, to discharge the same immediately with the Subscribers in Charles-Town,
DARBY PENDERGRASS,
EDMUND EGAN,
PAUL PRITCHARD, } Executors.

WANTED as an APPRENTICE,
TO a Person who practises PHYSIC in Town, a Youth of about 14 Years of Age, he must be of a reputable Family, have a good Genius, and such an Education as will qualify him for the Study of the Profession he designs to undertake—Enquire of the Printer.

THE Subscriber resigned his Office as Clerk to the Justices, not chusing to be a Servant to a Board where JAMES SIMPSON, Esq; had a right to sit, or have any Authority over him.
ROBERT RAWLINS.

RUN-AWAY from Mr. Humphry Sommers's plantation, at Stono, a negro fellow named Johnny, about 5 feet 6 inches high, strong and well made, about twenty-five years of age; he had on when he went away, a blue negro cloth jacket and breeches; he formerly belonged to the late William Raven; he has a mother at Benjamin Elliott, Esquire's plantation, near Ashley ferry, where it is supposed he is harboured.
Another negro fellow named Coleman, about 5 feet 8 inches high, about 25 years of age, a well made fellow, with his country marks on his face, speaks pretty good English; he had on when he went away, a white negro cloth jacket and breeches, he has been at Mr. Young's plantation, near Edisto ferry, where it is supposed he is harboured.
Also a negro wench named Cloe, very black and lusty, she limps in her walk a little; had on when she went away, a white negro cloth jacket and coat; some time ago she was seen on board one of Mrs. Ellis's schooners. A reward of twenty pounds will be given for taking up Coleman, and ten pounds a piece for taking Johnny or Cloe, upon delivering either of them in the work-house in Charles-Town.
Any person that can give information of either of the above mentioned negroes being harboured by a white person, shall have fifty pounds, or if by a negro, twenty pounds reward, on conviction of the offender.
RICHARD DOWNES.

MR. JAMES CRITCHLEY, informs me of his having taken up a stray'd Mare, of a brown Colour, about 13 Hands two Inches high, with one white Foot, and branded on the mounting Shoulder J B. The Owner of the said Mare must prove his Property before
August 26, 1769. JOHN TROUP, J. P.

All Saints parish, August 17, 1769.
CAPTAIN JOHN ALLSTON, informs me of a white Mare, branded on the near Thigh K, and a bay Filly that sucks her, neither dock'd nor branded, strayed into his Inclosure; the Owner may prove his Property before
JOSIAS ALLSTON.

MR. THOMAS VARDELL is departed this Province for the Benefit of his Health. All Persons that have any Demands whatsoever on him, either by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are desired to make them known; and all those that are any wise indebted, are desired to discharge or settle the same immediately, with
FRANCES VARDELL.
N.B. Who has to hire by the Month, six Negro Coopers.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, a negro man, named TONEY, a bricklayer by trade; he is a short fellow, of a yellowish complexion, very artful, and well known in most parts of this province. Whoever will apprehend and deliver the said fellow to me at Coathaw, or the warden of the work-house, shall receive TWENTY POUNDS currency reward, and reasonable charges, from
August 10, 1769. WILLIAM COACHMAN.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
JOHN GOTLIEB BALTZ, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the Provost-Marshal, upon *Capias ad Satisfaciendum*, at the suit of *Samuel Prioleau*, jun. & *Co.* having petitioned the honourable the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the said *Samuel Prioleau*, jun. & *Co.* and all others to whom the said petitioner is anywise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned and have notice, to appear at the usual place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.
D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.
Pleas-Office, June 30, 1769.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
BARNARD DE YOUNG, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the Provost-Marshal, upon *Mesne Process*, at the suit of *James Coachman*, having petitioned the honourable the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the said *James Coachman*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is anywise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned and have notice, to appear at the usual place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.
D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.
Pleas-Office, July 10, 1769.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
JOHN JACKSON, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the Provost-Marshal, upon *Capias ad Satisfaciendum*, at the suit of *Henry Reeves* and *Robert Cochran*, having petitioned the honourable the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the said *Henry Reeves* and *Robert Cochran*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is anywise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned and have notice, to appear at the usual place of Judicature, at the first sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.
JAMES JOHNSTON, D. C. C. P.
Pleas-Office, July 31, 1769.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.
May 19, 1769. A mulatto fellow, calls himself *James*, says he was born in Jamaica, and belonged to Mrs. *Bonner*, she dying, Mr. *Gibbes*, Merchant, took him, and he believes sold him to one Captain *Saugster*, he dying on his passage to *Liverpool*, imagined himself free, as no one claimed him; shipped himself on board the Brig *Gambia*, Captain *Hudson*, bound for the *River Gambia*, and continued twenty two months there, but on Captain *Davis*'s arrival shipped himself with him for *South-Carolina*; he is five feet five inches high, strait limbed, pitted with the small-pox, has a cut over his right eye. Taken up by one Mr. *Hughes*, in *Charles-Town*, as Mr. *Gibbes*'s property in *Jamaica*.
July 25, 1769. Three new negroes, named *Ben*, *Brutus*, and *Prince*, two of them are of the Mondingo country; one is five feet eight inches high, of a black complexion, full faced, his country marks on each side his face, and on his right arm, is very strait every way; one is five feet six inches high, not very black, the same marks on each side his face, is older than the other, and has a beard. —The other cannot tell any thing about himself, he is five feet four inches high, full faced, very black, small beard, wants a tooth forward in his upper jaw; they all have white negro cloth jackets and short trowsers, two has caps of the same. Taken up near Col. *Glover*'s cowpen, about eighty miles from Charles-Town.
August 1, 1769. A negro fellow of the Guinea country, calls himself *Tom*, and says his master's name was *Miller*, a Dutchman, lived at Mr. *William Middleton*'s plantation, but died since he run-away; he is five feet three inches high, of a yellowish complexion, well set, carries the marks of an old offender; has on an old white negro cloth jacket, with blue lapells, oznabrug shirt, and white negro cloth breeches. Taken up at Mr. *Robert Rowand*'s plantation at *Stono*.
August 22, 1769. A new negro fellow, cannot tell his own or master's name, nor his country; he is five feet six inches high, of a yellowish complexion, small beard, his country marks on his breast and right shoulder; has on a white negro cloth jacket and breeches, with buttons of the same. Taken up at Mr. *Richards*'s plantation at *Stono*.
August 24, 1769. A negro fellow, country born, calls himself *Fortune*, says he once belonged to the widow *Hartley*, and was sent to the *West Indies* to be sold, when the Captain bought him and brought him back, and sold him to *James M'Daniel*, of *Sappelo*, in *Georgia*; who brought him to *Charles-Town*, and sold him to one *Collins*, that lived near *Augusta*; he dying, several wanting him, some to have him sold, and some to take him, he run away; he is 5 feet nine inches high, yellow complexion, long beard, aged upwards of forty years, has on a red jacket, and oznabrug trowsers. Taken up at Mr. *Frederick Grimke*'s plantation at *Stono*.
August 28, 1769. A negro fellow of the *Angola* country, cannot tell his own or master's name, he is 5 feet 2 inches high, black complexion, red ey'd, filed teeth, small beard, strait limb'd, about 40 years of age, has on an old white negro cloth jacket. Taken up at Mr. *Deveaux*'s plantation, at *Stono*.
August 29, 1769. Two new negroes, cannot tell their own or masters name, neither their country; one is five feet six inches high, of a yellowish complexion, his country marks on his forehead and several other parts of him, thin visage, and strait limbed; The other is five feet high, of a black complexion, teeth filed, small beard, has a cut on his left arm, and on the back of his left thigh, seems to have been a large burn; they each have on new white negro cloth jackets, oznabrug trowsers, and shirts without sleeves. Taken up at Mr. *Perdriau*'s plantation, the other side of *Dorchester*.
A negro fellow of the Mondingo country, calls himself *Hercules*, says his master's name is *Hext*, lives at *Pompey*; he is five feet nine inches high, of a black complexion, thin visage, long beard, strait limbed, carries the marks of an old offender; has on an old white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up at Mr. *Drayton*'s plantation, at *Ashley-River*.
JOHN BROWN, WARDEN.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-Street; where all Manner of Printing Work is performed with Care and Expedition.